

Quarterly Financial Report

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.

September 30, 2021

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.

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MARINE ATLANTIC INC.

Quarterly Financial Report

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The following Quarterly Financial Report of the financial results of Marine Atlantic Inc. (“the Corporation”) is for the six months ended September 30, 2021. This report should be read in conjunction with the Corporation’s 2020/21 – 2024/25 Corporate Plan Summary and the Corporation’s 2020/2021 Annual Report which includes the audited annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021. Information about the Corporation, including the Annual Report and the Corporate Plan Summary, can be found at www.marineatlantic.ca once approved by the Federal Government.

The unaudited financial statements and the accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with Public Sector Accounting Standards and are reported in Canadian dollars.

OVERVIEW OF THE CORPORATION

Marine Atlantic is a federal Crown Corporation tasked with fulfilling the constitutional mandate of offering freight and passenger service between North Sydney, NS, and Port aux Basques, NL. This service is vital to connect the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador with mainland Canada.

Headquartered in St. John’s, NL, Marine Atlantic operates terminals in Port aux Basques, NL, Argentia, NL, and North Sydney, NS, and provides ferry services on two routes: a year-round 96 nautical mile daily ferry service between Port aux Basques and North Sydney and a seasonal 280 nautical mile ferry service between Argentia and North Sydney.

To fulfill its mandate, Marine Atlantic operates a fleet of four ice-class ferries: the MV *Blue Puttees*, MV *Highlanders*, MV *Atlantic Vision* and the MV *Leif Ericson*. The Corporation reports annually to the Government of Canada through the Minister of Transport.

To ensure the safe operations of vessels at sea, Marine Atlantic Inc. is governed by various acts and regulations. These include: Canada Labour Code, Marine Occupational Safety and Health Regulations, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations, Marine Liability Act and Regulations, Canada Shipping Act, 2001, Canada Marine Act, Coastal Trade Act, Domestic Ferries Security Regulations (DFSR), and the Marine Transportation Security Regulations (MTSR) Part III. The Corporation also falls under the umbrella of the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), the pre-eminent of all international treaties concerning the safety of merchant ships.

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QUARTERLY RESULTS

Financial Performance snapshot (in thousands)

Three months ending September 30, 2021								
	Actual	Budget	Prior Year	Variance to Budget ¹		Variance to Prior Year ¹		
				\$	%	\$	%	
Revenue	\$ 37,728	\$ 33,821	\$ 25,453	3,907	12%	12,275	48%	
Expenses	\$ 60,660	\$ 60,175	\$ 56,695	(485)	-1%	(3,965)	-7%	

Six months ending September 30, 2021								
	Actual	Budget	Prior Year	Variance to Budget ¹		Variance to Prior Year ¹		
				\$	%	\$	%	
Revenue	\$ 59,619	\$ 56,207	\$ 43,433	3,412	6%	16,186	37%	
Expenses	\$ 118,981	\$ 121,290	\$ 108,191	2,309	2%	(10,790)	-10%	

¹ Positive Variance indicates a favourable result compared to Budget/Prior Year

Statistics snapshot

Three months ending September 30, 2021								
	Actual	Forecast	Prior Year	Variance to Forecast ²		Variance to Prior Year ²		
				#	%	#	%	
Passengers	131,860	119,227	70,045	12,633	11%	61,815	88%	
Passenger Units	54,577	46,487	27,699	8,090	17%	26,878	97%	
Commercial Units	24,224	21,708	24,084	2,516	12%	140	1%	
Auto Equivalent Units ³	159,475	141,610	129,072	17,865	13%	30,403	24%	
Trips	534	524	417	10	2%	117	28%	

Six months ending September 30, 2021								
	Actual	Forecast	Prior Year	Variance to Forecast ²		Variance to Prior Year ²		
				#	%	#	%	
Passengers	158,934	161,790	88,555	(2,856)	-2%	70,379	79%	
Passenger Units	63,115	63,082	32,999	33	0%	30,116	91%	
Commercial Units	49,500	43,477	45,411	6,023	14%	4,089	9%	
Auto Equivalent Units ³	272,996	249,510	221,766	23,486	9%	51,230	23%	
Trips	951	922	782	29	3%	169	22%	

² Positive Variance indicates a favourable result compared to Forecast/Prior Year

³ Auto Equivalent Unit or AEU is the length of an average passenger automobile

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REVENUES

The second quarter of 2022 continued to be impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Corporation's revenue was 12% higher than budget in the quarter and 6% higher year to date. Passenger traffic was higher than forecasted as travel restrictions were eased and the Argentia service started in July. Passenger and commercial units were lower than expected both in the quarter and year to date. Realized gains on derivatives also contributed to the overall increase.

When compared to prior year, the Corporation's revenue was forty-eight per cent higher for the quarter and thirty-seven per cent higher year to date. Although COVID-19 restrictions still limited passenger capacity, the overall traffic has increased for all areas.

EXPENSES

Compared to Budget

The Corporation's expenses were 1% higher than budget during the quarter and 2% lower year to date. Operating expenses were lower than planned. Staffing levels remained lower as passenger limit restrictions remained in place and while limited food service was available, the main service of food remained suspended to limit the spread of COVID-19. Charter fees were lower than budgeted due to favorable exchange rates. There were savings in consumables and services. These savings were offset by higher maintenance costs on the vessels as maintenance programs resumed and higher fuel costs due to higher prices.

Compared to Prior Year

The Corporation's expenses were 7% higher for the quarter and 10% year to date when compared to last year. This increase was mainly related to higher operating expenses and fuel costs. This quarter saw an easing of travel restrictions, the Argentia service resumed in July and four vessels were operating in the quarter. There was a 22% increase in trips year to date.

Tangible capital assets

The Corporation invested \$2.6 million in its capital assets during the second quarter as part of ongoing reinvestment in assets. This included \$0.5 million for vessel projects and \$2.1 million for shore facilities upgrades, information technology and equipment purchases.

Forecast

Based upon results of the first six months and the budget allocation for the remainder of the year, the Corporation is anticipating it will operate within its approved funding allocation. There have been no revisions to goals or objectives compared to the 2020/21 – 2024/25 Corporate Plan Summary.

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RISK ANALYSIS

The financial risks of the Corporation have previously been disclosed in the Corporation's 2020/21 – 2024/25 Corporate Plan Summary and the Corporation's 2020/21 Annual Report. There are no significant changes to the risks previously identified.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

While originally delayed due to COVID-19, the Argentia service resumed on July 4 and continued until September.

Following a competitive procurement process, Marine Atlantic entered into a 5-year charter agreement to supply a new vessel for the fleet.

The global pandemic, COVID-19 continued to have an impact on the services and operation of the Corporation. Safety measures that were introduced at the beginning of the outbreak have continued throughout the quarter. This included enhanced cleaning, social distancing, and hand sanitizer throughout the workplace. Limited food services were made available while most restaurants remained closed. The focus continues to be to provide a healthy and safe environment for employees and customers while providing the essential ferry service.

REPORTING ON USE OF APPROPRIATIONS

The Corporation received \$18.3 million in appropriations from the Government of Canada during the second quarter ended September 30th, 2021. Please refer to Note 2(a) to the unaudited interim financial statements for the Corporation's accounting policy for government appropriations. Note 5 to the unaudited interim financial statements reports on how the appropriations received were used during the period.

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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these quarterly financial statements in accordance with the Treasury Board of Canada Standard on Quarterly Financial Reports for Crown Corporations and for such internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of quarterly financial statements that are free from material misstatement. Management is also responsible for ensuring all other information in this quarterly financial report is consistent, where appropriate, with the quarterly financial statements.

Based on our knowledge, these unaudited quarterly financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Corporation, as at the date of and for the periods presented in the quarterly financial statements.



Murray Hupman, P. Eng.
President and CEO



Shawn Leamon, CPA, CGA
Vice President of Finance

St. John's, NL
November 17, 2021

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.
Unaudited Statement of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2021
(in thousands)

	Sept 30	Mar 31
	2021	2021
Financial assets		
Cash (Note 4)	\$ 22,321	\$ 10,648
Accounts receivable	7,947	6,595
Receivable from Government of Canada (Note 5)	-	13,870
Inventories held for resale	391	362
Derivative financial instruments	5,579	2,897
Accrued pension asset	159,382	156,014
	\$ 195,620	\$ 190,386
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 17,075	\$ 31,839
Derivative financial instruments	1,305	2,532
Deferred revenue	2,308	2,851
Payable to Government of Canada (Note 5)	11,702	-
Accrued vacation pay	5,909	5,932
Accrued pension liability	3,038	2,951
Accrued liability for non-pension post-retirement benefits	51,827	51,363
Accrued liability for post-employment benefits	11,062	11,452
	104,226	108,920
Net financial assets	\$ 91,394	\$ 81,466
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets	374,943	387,925
Inventories held for consumption	15,828	22,436
Prepaid expenses	3,852	6,409
	394,623	416,770
Accumulated surplus	\$ 486,017	\$ 498,236

Contingencies (Note 8)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.
Unaudited Statement of Operations

Period ended September 30, 2021

(in thousands)

	For the 3 Months Ended		For the 6 Months Ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues				
Transportation	\$ 31,821	\$ 23,225	\$ 52,028	\$ 39,561
Fuel surcharge	3,017	2,203	4,887	3,817
Other income	22	21	42	55
Realized Gain on derivative financial instruments	2,868	4	2,662	-
	37,728	25,453	59,619	43,433
Expenditures				
Wages and benefits	23,894	20,990	47,102	40,007
Charter fees	3,803	4,368	7,640	8,653
Fuel	8,577	3,652	14,084	6,449
Materials, supplies and services	6,289	6,357	12,485	10,736
Repairs and maintenance	2,731	2,000	4,829	4,170
Insurance, rent and utilities	1,734	1,894	3,642	3,597
Travel	88	20	103	44
Administrative Costs	268	173	490	353
Employee future benefits (Note 6)	-	117	-	234
Fleet renewal costs	72	259	226	549
Loss on exchange of foreign currency	97		111	20
Realized loss on derivative financial instruments		1,461	-	2,462
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(574)		266	-
Amortization	13,681	15,404	28,003	30,917
	60,660	56,695	118,981	108,191
(Deficit) before government funding	(22,932)	(31,242)	(59,362)	(64,758)
Government funding				
Operations	8,781	20,170	27,923	38,805
Capital	2,407	1,117	15,287	4,770
	11,188	21,287	43,210	43,575
Operating deficit	(11,744)	(9,955)	(16,152)	(21,183)
Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of period	492,421	493,637	496,829	504,865
Accumulated operating surplus, end of period	\$ 480,677	\$ 483,682	\$ 480,677	\$ 483,682

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.
Unaudited Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

Period ended September 30, 2021
(in thousands)

	For the 3 Months Ended		For the 6 Months Ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year	\$ 4,514	\$ (8,095)	\$ 1,408	\$ (8,364)
Remeasurement gains (losses) arising during the year				
Unrealized gain (loss) on foreign exchange of cash	60	146	23	16
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	3,634	(1,358)	6,571	(1,960)
Reclassifications to the statement of operations				
Realized (gain) loss on derivatives	(2,868)	1,461	(2,662)	2,462
	-			
Net remeasurement gains (losses) for the year	826	249	3,932	518
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of the period	\$ 5,340	\$ (7,846)	\$ 5,340	\$ (7,846)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.
Unaudited Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Period ended September 30, 2021

(in thousands)

	For the 3 Months Ended		For the 6 Months Ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating (deficit)	\$ (11,744)	\$ (9,955)	\$ (16,152)	\$ (21,183)
Change in tangible capital assets				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,407)	(1,117)	(15,287)	(4,770)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	13,681	15,404	28,003	30,917
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	(574)	-	266	-
(Increase) in tangible capital assets	10,700	14,287	12,982	26,147
Change in other non-financial assets				
Net change in inventories held for consumption	8,640	(769)	6,608	(1,882)
Net change in prepaid expenses	1,410	402	2,557	207
Decrease in other non-financial assets	10,050	(367)	9,165	(1,675)
Net remeasurement gains (losses)	826	249	3,932	518
Decrease in net financial assets	9,832	4,214	9,927	3,807
Net financial assets, beginning of period	81,562	61,988	81,467	62,395
Net financial assets, end of period	\$ 91,394	\$ 66,202	\$ 91,394	\$ 66,202

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.
Unaudited Statement of Cash Flow

Period ended September 30, 2021

(in thousands)

	For the 3 Months Ended		For the 6 Months Ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating transactions				
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 28,535	\$ 23,762	\$ 55,294	\$ 41,430
Other income received	22	21	42	55
Government funding - operations	15,913	15,240	45,604	42,833
Government funding - capital	2,407	1,117	23,178	11,989
Cash payments to suppliers	(12,942)	(21,874)	(40,717)	(36,626)
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees	(22,948)	(19,432)	(45,366)	(39,921)
Cash paid for employee future benefits	(1,507)	(2,794)	(3,207)	(5,507)
	9,480	(3,960)	34,828	14,253
Capital transactions				
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(2,408)	(1,117)	(23,178)	(11,989)
	(2,408)	(1,117)	(23,178)	(11,989)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	59	145	23	17
Net increase in cash	7,131	(4,932)	11,673	2,281
Cash, beginning of period	15,190	18,414	10,648	11,202
Cash, end of period	\$ 22,321	\$ 13,483	\$ 22,321	\$ 13,483
Cash consists of:				
Restricted cash			\$ 6,660	\$ 7,034
Unrestricted cash			15,661	6,449
			<u>\$ 22,321</u>	<u>\$ 13,483</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(in thousands)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Marine Atlantic Inc. (“the Corporation”) is incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. The *Marine Atlantic Inc. Acquisition Authorization Act* of 1986 established the Corporation as a parent Crown Corporation. As a result of the *National Marine Policy (1995)*, the mandate of the Corporation was narrowed to the operation of a ferry system.

The Corporation operates a ferry service between Nova Scotia and Newfoundland and Labrador. Marine Atlantic Inc.’s business is seasonal in nature, with the highest activity in the summer (second quarter) and the lowest activity in the winter (fourth quarter), due to the high number of leisure travellers and their preference to travel during the summer months. The Corporation also takes advantage of the low activity during the winter months to perform a significant portion of the required annual maintenance on vessels and terminals.

These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the Treasury Board of Canada Standard on Quarterly Financial Reports for Crown Corporations. The basis of accounting used is Canadian public sector accounting standards. These interim financial statements do not include all of the disclosures provided in Marine Atlantic Inc.’s annual audited financial statements. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual financial statements. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended March 31, 2021.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

(a) Government funding

The Corporation receives government funding to fund its current cash requirements, related to operating expenses in excess of commercial revenues and to acquire tangible capital assets. The funding received is included in income for the period when funding has been authorized and all requirements are met by the Corporation. Any difference between amounts provided and amounts required represents a receivable from (payable to) the Government of Canada. On occasion, the Corporation sells assets for which the net proceeds are required to be returned to the Consolidated Revenue Fund. On these occasions, the net proceeds are applied against the operating funding requirements in the period of disposition.

(b) Financial instruments

Cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and receivable from (payable to) the Government of Canada are measured at cost.

Derivatives are initially recognized at their fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until the derivative financial instrument is derecognized, at which point the accumulated remeasurement gain (loss) is reversed and reclassified to the statement of operations. Derivatives are derecognized at the expiry date of the derivative contract. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

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(in thousands)

(c) Insurance claims receivable

Accounts receivable includes recoverable insurance claims which are recognized when the Corporation has reasonable assurance the claim will be accepted and paid by the insurance underwriter.

(d) Inventory

Inventories consisting primarily of items used for consumption onboard vessels are valued at the lower of historical cost or replacement cost.

(e) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are comprised of vessels, shore facilities and equipment which are carried at cost less accumulated amortization.

Vessels include corporate owned vessels and vessel projects, shore facilities include terminal buildings, stevedore buildings, docks and related infrastructure. Equipment includes computer hardware and software, furniture and vehicles.

Major spare parts are accounted for as tangible capital assets and are not amortized until they are put into use. For this purpose, major spare parts are those that are expected to be used for more than one fiscal period in connection with a tangible capital asset.

The cost of work in progress includes materials, direct labour and overhead. Amounts included in work in progress are transferred to the appropriate tangible capital asset classification when available and ready for use and are then amortized.

Amortization is calculated at rates sufficient to write off the cost, less any residual value, of tangible capital assets over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The cost, less any residual value, of capital vessel projects are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the useful life of the vessel.

Estimated useful lives and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each year. The rates for significant classes of tangible capital assets are as follows:

Vessel (includes vessel projects)	5% to 10%
Shore facilities	2.5% to 5%
Equipment	10% to 25%
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of term of lease agreement or the asset's useful life

When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide goods and services, the cost of the asset is written down to residual value, if any. Write-downs are not reversed.

(f) Employee future benefits

The Corporation accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans and the related costs, net of plan assets, as the benefits accrue to employees.

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(in thousands)

i) Accrued pension asset (liability)

The Corporation maintains, through a trustee, a registered defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all of its employees, an unfunded supplementary retirement arrangement for senior managers hired prior to March 1, 2001, and an unfunded supplementary retirement arrangement adopted in 2006 for designated positions providing benefits for service since 2004. Eligibility under the latter supplementary arrangement was extended to benefits accrued for service since 2009 for all members of the registered defined benefit pension plan who are affected by the maximum pension payable by the registered plan. Benefits generally are based on employees' length of service and final or best average earnings for all benefits.

The cost of pensions is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service and management's best estimate of expected plan investment performance, salary escalation, inflation and retirement ages of employees. The discount rate used to calculate the interest cost on the pension obligations is based on its expected return on plan assets for the registered pension plan and a proxy of the cost of borrowing for the other plans.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on estimated returns, consistent with market conditions applicable on the measurement date, for each major asset class and the target asset mix specified in the plan's investment policy. A market-related value of plan assets is used for purposes of the financial statements, and the expected return on plan assets is based thereon. The market-related value of plan assets is determined using a method which amortizes gains or losses relative to the expected return over five years. Actuarial gains or losses arise from the difference between the actual rate of return and the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets and from changes in the pension obligations due to changes in actuarial assumptions used or actual experience differing from that which is expected based on the assumptions.

Actuarial gains and losses for the registered pension plan and for the supplementary retirement arrangement adopted in 2006 are amortized over the estimated average remaining service period of the members. Actuarial gains and losses for the former supplementary retirement arrangements are amortized over the average life expectancy of plan members.

Adjustments for plan amendments, net of offsetting unamortized actuarial gain/losses, related to prior period employee services are recognized in the statement of operations in the period of the plan amendment.

The estimated average remaining service period of the members covered by the registered pension plan and the supplementary retirement arrangement adopted in 2006 is 10.2 years (2020 – 9.5 years). For the former supplementary retirement arrangements, the average life expectancy of plan members is 12.2 years (2020 – 13.4 years).

ii) Non-pension post retirement benefits

The Corporation provides life insurance and health and dental care benefits to current and retired employees. Union and non-union/management employees become eligible for basic and optional life insurance the first of the month following 60 days of continuous employment. Union employees become eligible for extended health and dental benefits the first of the month following the attainment of 1,040 hours of work and non-union/management employees become eligible the first of the month following date of hire.

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The cost of non-pension post-retirement benefits is actuarially determined using management's best estimate of future participation rates in the retiree health and dental plan, average health care cost per plan member, health care trend rates and utilization, salary escalation and mortality rates.

Adjustments arising from actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining service period of the related employee group.

The estimated average remaining service period of members covered by non-pension employee future benefit plans expected to receive benefits is 11.4 years (2020 – 11.4 years). Adjustments for plan amendments, net of offsetting unamortized actuarial gain/losses, related to prior period employee service are recognized in the statement of operations in the period of the plan amendment.

iii) Post employment benefits

For certain employees and former employees, the Corporation is a self-insured employer and is accountable for workers' compensation liabilities incurred. The cost of workers' compensation liabilities is actuarially determined using the net present value of liabilities for work-related injuries of current and former employees when awards are approved by the Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of Newfoundland and Labrador; Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick; or Workers' Compensation Commission of Prince Edward Island; or legislative amendments are made and the anticipated future costs can be reasonably calculated. Management recognizes changes in the net present value of the liability, based on updated actuarial estimates of future costs, as a result of actual experience and changes in actuarial assumptions.

Adjustments arising from actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the average expected period over which benefits will be paid which is 10.0 years (2020– 10.0 years).

g) Revenue recognition

Transportation revenue and fuel surcharges are recorded when ferry services are provided. The Corporation requires customers to pay in advance when booking a reservation. These amounts received are recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue when ferry services are provided. Interest income is recorded as it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

h) Expenses

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. Expenses for the operations of the Corporation are recorded when goods or services are received.

Expenses include provisions to reflect changes in the value of assets or liabilities, including provisions for bad debt and inventory obsolescence. Expenses also include amortization of tangible capital assets and utilization of inventories and prepaid expenses.

i) Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are disbursements made before the completion of the work, delivery of the goods or rendering of services or advance payments under the terms of lease agreements.

j) Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at exchange rates in effect at the financial statement date. Revenues and expenses are translated using exchange rates

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(in thousands)

in effect at the date of the transaction. Commitments and contingencies denominated in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates in effect at the financial statement date. An exchange gain or loss that arises prior to settlement is recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. In the period of settlement, the cumulative amount of remeasurement gains and losses is reversed in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and an exchange gain or loss measured in relation to the exchange rate at the date of initial recognition is recognized in the statement of operations.

k) Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are potential liabilities which may become actual liabilities when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. If the future event is likely to occur or fail to occur, and a reasonable estimate of the loss can be made, an estimated liability is accrued and an expense recorded. If the likelihood is not determinable or an amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the contingency is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

l) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are possible assets arising from existing conditions involving uncertainty, which will be resolved by a future confirming event. The existence of a contingent asset is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements if the occurrence of the future event is likely. If the occurrence of the confirming event is unlikely or not determinable the contingent asset is not disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

m) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include accrued pension asset, accrued pension liability, non-pension post-retirement benefits and post-employment benefits, useful lives of tangible capital assets and litigation. Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed annually to reflect new information as it becomes available. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In August 2018, the Public Sector Accounting Board issued PS 3280, Asset retirement obligations, which establishes principles on how to account for and report legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. An asset retirement obligation is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- there is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The mandatory effective date of this standard is for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022 and earlier adoption is permitted. The Corporation has not early adopted this new standard and is currently assessing the impact that this standard will have on its financial statements. Therefore, the impact is not known at this time.

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Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(in thousands)

4. CASH

Cash includes restricted cash consisting of cash denominated in Euros held in an escrow account with a German bank as security for the charter of the passenger and freight ferry – the MV *Atlantic Vision*. The total balance denominated in Euros is €4,500 (2020 – €4,500), which translates to \$6,660 Canadian dollars at September 30, 2021 (March 31, 2021 – \$6,641).

5. (PAYABLE TO) RECEIVABLE FROM GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

The Corporation receives its funding from the Government of Canada based primarily on cash flow requirements. Items recognized in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus in one year may be funded by the Government of Canada in different years. Accordingly, the Corporation has different net results of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on a generally accepted accounting principles basis.

	September 30, 2021 (6 months)	Mar 31, 2021 (12 months)
Payable to Government of Canada, beginning of period	\$ 29	\$ 583
(Receivable from) Government of Canada, beginning of period	(13,899)	(8,966)
Parliamentary appropriations received during the period	68,782	135,634
Recognized during the period:		
Operations	(27,923)	(109,494)
Tangible Capital Assets	(15,287)	(31,627)
Government funding (deficit) surplus	25,572	(5,487)
(Receivable from) Government of Canada, end of year	-	(13,899)
Payable to Government of Canada, end of period	\$ 11,702	\$ 29

6. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

During the six months ended September 30, 2021, the net employee future benefit expense was \$0 (September 30, 2020– \$234). The expense included costs for the Corporation's defined benefit pension plan, life insurance and health and dental care benefits to retirees and Workers' Compensation.

MARINE ATLANTIC INC.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

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(in thousands)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Government of Canada created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Corporation enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business under the same terms and conditions that apply to unrelated parties. During the period, the Corporation incurred expenses of \$435 (2021 – \$355) with other federal Crown corporations, departments and agencies. In addition to these transactions, the Government of Canada provides funding to the Corporation as described in notes 2(a) and 5. The Corporation is given the right to use the crown land on which the terminals sit free of charge by Transport Canada. No amount was recorded since the fair value of the service received for free is not reliably measurable.

8. CONTINGENCIES

There have been no changes to legal Contingencies since the end of the most recently completed fiscal year. There have been no new claims that have a likelihood of payment.